# 2020-21 **Budget**



### **USD** ###

## District Name Here County Name Here



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### **District Budget**

	Resolutions for levy limits for tax funds (capital outlay, adult ed, historical museum, recreation commiss
	Worksheet showing tax levy (motor vehicle, recreational vehicle, delinquency, estimates)
	Statement of Indebtedness (bond and interest – bonds issued, interest and principle)
	Statement of conditional lease, lease purchase and certificate of participation (payments and int.)
Code 06	General Fund – Unencumbered cash balance; Revenue (local, county, state and federal)
	General Fund – Expenditures such as salaries, benefits, textbooks, supplies, operations and maintenance
Code 07	Federal Funds – Unencumbered cash balance; Revenue - federal grants such as Title I, II, and IV Federal Funds – Expenditures such as salaries, benefits, textbooks, supplies, purchased services, etc.
Code 08	Supplemental General (Local Option Budget) Revenue (local, county, state); tax levied
	Supplemental General (Local Option Budget) Expenditures such as salaries, supplies, equipment, repairs
	maintenance, communication services, and transfers to other funds
Code 11	Preschool-Aged At-Risk – Revenue (local, federal)
	Preschool-Aged At-Risk – Expenditures such as salaries, benefits, textbooks and supplies
Code 13	At Risk K-12 – Revenue (local, federal)
	At Risk K-12 – Expenditures such as salaries, benefits, textbooks, and supplies
Code 14	Bilingual Education – Revenue (local, federal)
	Bilingual Education – Expenditures such as salaries, purchased services, and supplies
Code 15	Virtual Education – Revenue (local)
	Virtual Education – Expenditures such as salaries, benefits, textbooks, supplies, operations and mainter
	etc.
Code 16	Capital Outlay – Revenue [local, county, federal (impact aid construction)]
	Capital Outlay – Expenditures – equipment and furnishings, buses, property, repair and remodeling, etc
Code 18	Driver Training – Revenue (local, state)
	Driver Training – Expenditures such as salaries, supplies, equipment, etc.
Code 22	Extraordinary School Program – Revenue (local, federal)
	Extraordinary School Program - Expenditures such as salaries, purchased services, and supplies, etc.
Code 24	Food Service – Revenue (local, state, federal), and expenditures for salaries, supplies, equipment, etc.
Code 26	Professional Development – Revenue (local, state, federal), and expenditures for support services, salar
	supplies, equipment, etc.
Code 28	Parents Education – Revenue (local, state, federal), and expenditures for support services, salaries, sup
	equipment, etc.
Code 29	Summer School – Revenue (local, federal)
	Summer School – instruction, salaries, supplies, equipment, energy, etc.
Code 30	Special Education – Revenue (local, state, federal)
	Special Education – Expenditures such as salaries, purchased services, property, supplies, equipment, st
	transportation, etc.
Code 34	Career and Postsecondary Education – Revenue (local, federal)
	Career and Postsecondary Education – Expenditures such as salaries, purchased services, supplies, and
	equipment
Code 35	Gifts and Grants – Revenue (local, state), and expenditures for miscellaneous grants and donations
	Special Liability Expense – Revenue (local, county) and expenditures
	Special Reserve Fund – Revenue (local) and expenditures for health care services, life insurance, etc.
Code 51	KPERS – Revenue (state); Expenditures such as employee benefits
	Contingency Reserve – Revenue (transfer from general)
	Contingency Reserve – Expenditures such as salaries, supplies, equipment, property services, etc.
Code 55	Textbook & Student Material Revolving – Revenue (local) and expenditures for textbooks, musical equipment
	materials and supplies, etc.
Code 56	Activity Fund – Revenue (local) and expenditures for activities in which pupils may participate directly o
	indirectly. This does not include student organizations or clubs.
Code 62	Bond and Interest (USD) #1 – Revenue (local, county, state) and expenditures for principle and interest
	Bond and Interest (USD) #2 – Revenue (local, county, state) and expenditures for principle and interest
	Notice of Hearing (published in newspaper) is a summary showing operating funds and total expenditure
	special education cooperative, total taxes levied and estimated tax rate. Other line items include librar
	recreation commission, assessed valuation, lease purchase principle, and total USD debt.
2 <sup>nd</sup> Publication	This "Public Notice of Vote" is required to be published in the local paper if <i>Taxes Levied</i> for the budget

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### **Budget Profile**

- Page 1 .......Budget general information: general information about the community, contact information for board members, names of key staff (administrators, business office and board clerk), and district accomplishments and challenges
- Page 2 ......Supplemental information for tables in Summary of Expenditures
- Page 4 ...... KSDE DATA CENTRAL Kansas Education Data Reporting Services
  - Kansas State Building Report Card Aggregate performance and demographic data related to district and buildings within the State. (Postsecondary, graduation, dropout, attendance, ACT scores, etc.)
  - Kansas K-12 Reports Information on counties, districts, and schools in the State. (Building, district or state totals for attendance, enrollment, staff, graduates/dropouts, suspension/expulsion, etc.)
  - School Finance Reports Budget documents, Comparative Performance and Fiscal System [CPFS], School Finance Reports Warehouse. (Certified personnel, enrollment, dropouts, graduates, salary reports)

Summary of expenditures (Sumexpen.xlsx) – Tables and graphs illustrate a 3-year comparison of expenditures by function, FTE enrollment, low-income students, mill rates by fund, assessed valuation and bonded indebtedness.

### **Budget At A Glance**

- personnel, and substitutes.
- Page 12 ...... KSDE DATA CENTRAL Kansas Education Data Reporting Services

Page 2 ......Summary of Total Expenditures by function (all funds)

- Kansas State Building Report Card Aggregate performance and demographic data related to district and buildings within the State. (Postsecondary, graduation, dropout, attendance, ACT scores, etc.)
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### **One-Page Summary**

This provides a summary of charts combined on one page.

### **Coding Expenditures in the Budget Document**

### (Definitions for Functions, Sub-functions, Objects)

Funds in the USD budget document have a general definition as currently used under Kansas law, which would include such funds as general, career and postsecondary education, special education, etc. Within each fund will be a breakdown by function, sub-function, object and sub-object. This document will explain what expenditures should be charged under which code.

Additional information can be found in the <u>Kansas Accounting Handbook</u> which is available on the KSDE School Finance website (located under Guidelines): <a href="http://www.ksde.org/Default.aspx?tabid=429">http://www.ksde.org/Default.aspx?tabid=429</a>

This handbook explains in detail how functions, sub-functions and objects are used to breakdown expenditures in each of the funds, and includes a section with Guidelines for Activity Funds.

### **Coding the USD Budget Document**

Funds will have the general definition as currently used under Kansas law, which would include such funds as general, vocational education, special education, etc. Within each fund will be a breakdown of five major functions performed by school personnel or activity. The function describes the activity for which a service or material object is acquired. These five major functions include instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, facilities acquisition and construction services, and other outlays such as debt service and fund transfers.

Functions are further broken down into sub-functions, service areas and areas of responsibility. The major sub-functions fall under the support services. The services include student support, instructional support, general administration, school administration, operations and maintenance, and other support services. Each of these levels consists of activities that have somewhat the same general operational objectives. Furthermore, categories of activities comprising each of these divisions and subdivisions are grouped according to the principle that the activities can be combined, compared, and are related. For example:

Function 2000 Support Services
Sub-function 2300 General Administration
Service area 2310 Board of Education Services

Area of responsibility services 2313 Board Treasurer

An effort has been made to group together functions in relation to the magnitude of expenditures typically found in the LEA. This grouping corresponds to the categories most frequently requested in reporting to external authorities, especially the federal government. The numbering code for functions are always in even thousands, such as 1000; 2000; 3000; etc.

Within each function or sub-function will be a breakdown of expenditures that will be **object** codes. Examples of object codes would be salaries, employee benefits, purchased professional and technical services, purchased property services, other purchased services, supplies and equipment. The object codes may have a further breakdown by different types of expenditures under each object code. For example, salaries could be further broken down into salaries for teachers and other salaries for instruction.

Below are definitions taken from the <u>Kansas Accounting Handbook</u> explaining what expenditures should be charged under which code.

### **FUNCTION DEFINITIONS**

### **EXPENDITURES**

### **Code**

### 1000 Instruction

Instruction includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium such as two-way interactive video, television, radio, telephone, and correspondence. Included here are the activities of aides or classroom assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) that assist in the instructional process.

Include only regular and part-time teachers, teacher aides, or assistants, homebound teachers, hospital-based teachers, substitute teachers and teachers on sabbatical leave.

### 2000 Support Services

Support services provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health), and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist to fulfill the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

The sub-function of this function includes: Student Support Services, Instructional Staff Support Services, General Administration, School Administration, Business, Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services, Student Transportation, Central Support, and Other Support.

### 3000 Operation of Non-Instructional Services

Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community. This would include such activities as food service operations, enterprise operations (such as LEA bookstores) and community services (such as recreation, public library, and historical museum).

### 4000 Facilities Acquisition and Construction Service

Activities concerned with acquiring land and buildings; remodeling buildings; constructing buildings and additions to buildings; initially installing or extending service systems and other built-in equipment; and improving sites.

### 5000 Other Services

A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified under *Other Services*. These include debt service payments (principal and interest) and certain transfers of monies from one fund to another.

### SUBFUNCTION DEFINITIONS

### **EXPENDITURES**

Definition - A sub-function is the next level of accounting breakdown under the functions. An illustration of this in the Support Services function would be:

### Code

### 2000 Support Services

2100 Student Support Services

2200 Instructional Staff Support Services

2300 General Administration

2400 School Administration

2500 Central Services

2600 Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services

2700 Student Transportation Services

2900 Other Support Services

The numbering code for the main sub-functions always has been hundreds in the last 3 digits such as 2100, 2200, etc.; 3100, 3200, etc. Further breakdown below the main sub-functions will continue such as:

2110

2111 2112 There are <u>no sub-functions</u> in the <u>Instruction</u> function category.

### **OBJECT DEFINITIONS**

### **EXPENDITURES**

The final breakdown of expenditures is called object codes. The object codes include such expenditures as salaries, employee benefits, purchased services, supplies and equipment. A detailed breakdown of object codes is provided for those schools that would like a further breakdown. Listed below are the nine major object codes and their definitions:

### <u>Code</u>

- **Personal Services Salaries -** amounts paid to all employees of the district. This includes gross salary for personal services rendered while in the payroll of the district.
- **Employee Benefits** Amounts paid by the district in behalf of employees; these amounts are not included in the gross salary, but are in addition to that amount. Such payments are fringe payments and, while not paid directly to employees, nevertheless are part of the cost of personal services. *Used with all functions except 5000.*
- **Purchased Professional and Technical Services** services which by their nature can be performed only by persons or firms with specialized skills and knowledge. Included are the services of architects, engineers, auditors, dentists, medical doctors, lawyers, consultants, teachers, accountants, etc.
- **Purchased Property Services** services purchased to operate, repair, maintain, and rent property owned or used by the district. *These services are performed by persons other than district employees.*
- **Other Purchased Services** amounts paid for services rendered by organizations or personnel not on the payroll of the district (separate from Professional and Technical Services or Property Services). While a product may or may not result from the transaction, the primary reason for the purchase is the service provided.
- **Supplies and Materials** amounts paid for items that are consumed, worn out, or deteriorated through use.
- **Property** expenditures for acquiring fixed assets, including land or existing buildings; improvements of grounds; initial equipment; additional equipment; and replacement of equipment.
- **800** Other Objects amounts paid for goods and services not otherwise classified above.

### **Fund Classification Descriptions**

### **Description**

900

General Fund, Supplemental General Fund (i.e. Local Option Budget/LOB)

Accounts for all financial resources of the LEA except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds (Adult Education, Special Liability Expense, Adult Supplemental Education, Bilingual Education, Virtual Education, Driver Training, Professional Development, Parent Education Program, Summer School, Special Education, Career and Postsecondary Education, Textbook & Student Materials Revolving Fund, Capital Outlay Fund, Extraordinary School Program, Food Service, Extraordinary Growth Facility, Coop Special Education, Federal Funds, Preschool-Aged At-Risk, At Risk K-12, Cost of Living, Declining Enrollment, and KPERS.)

Account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. Some examples of special revenue funds might include:

Restricted State or Federal grants-in-aid

Restricted tax levies

A separate fund may be used for each restricted source, or one fund may be used supplemented by the dimension Project/Reporting code.

### Capital Project Funds

Account for bond proceeds used to acquire or construct major capital facilities.

Debt Service Funds (Bond & Interest, Special Assessment, No-Fund Warrants and Temporary Notes)
Account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general debt, principal and interest.

### Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing on a cost-reimbursement basis of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or outside agencies. This type of fund is used to ensure that all costs are accounted for and recovered through user fees. However, use of an internal service fund is not required. It is acceptable to use a special revenue fund for this purpose.

Trust and Agency Funds (Recreation Commission, Recreation Commission Employees Benefit, Library Board, Library Board Employees Benefit, Historical Museum, School Retirement, Special Reserve Fund, Contingency Reserve Fund, Gifts and Grants.)

### General Fixed Asset Accounts

All of a governmental unit's fixed assets which are not recorded in an enterprise, internal service, or trust fund, should be recorded in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. This account group is not a fund and does not, therefore, report operations like the general fund or a special revenue fund. It is essentially a list of the district's fixed assets and is designed to help ensure accountability.

### General Long-Term Debt Account Group

All of a governmental unit's long-term debt that is not recorded in an enterprise, internal service, or trust fund, should be recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. This account group is not a fund and does not, therefore report operations like the general fund or a special revenue fund. It is essentially a list of the district's unmatured debt such as general obligation bonds, temporary notes, and no-fund warrants. It would also include liabilities for certain compensated absences (vacation and sick leave) and other claims and judgments against the district.

### NOTE: Student Activity Funds

Accounts for moneys related to fees and user charges, gate receipts, school project accounts, student organization accounts, and special revolving accounts. Go online to download the <a href="Accounting Handbook:">Accounting Handbook: http://www.ksde.org/Default.aspx?tabid=429</a>. In the Table of Contents, find the section called <a href="Guidelines for School">Guidelines for School</a> <a href="Activity Funds">Activity Funds</a> that provides specific recommendations to manage these accounts.